Rentucky Gazette. ONINGOM YAGISTUM THEFE GER By L. P. OAVINS.

Corner pelos or Subscribers, ili, THREE per committed and anyance. POUT DOLLARS or the end of the year. are reservibers must be every inclus-

The range or anvantures in this paer, are, serve taure for the first insertion of my 15 times or under, and warmers - rive causes

to be bald for min ordered to

cents for the Gazette.

To have found it necessary to appoint Acase in the different towns where the Gacase is taken throughout the U. States—to
and a sollector to collect the dues, the "soll
and set up the grist." Although a small
up from each: yet with the Printer, it is
on small bums larger ones are to grow.

School the requested to pay their subcaptions to either of the following gentlecas.—Those who receive their papers where who receive their papers where been appointed, are requested to

Ford & Stevenson, printers.

Mr. Grayson, p. m. or Mr. Bar-

ohn S. Skinner. Post Manter. Tan.—Post-master. Caniel Barbee, p. m. Mr. Lyon, pop. H.C. H.—Post-master. Post master.

leryh—Mr. Ballard, p. m.

Mr. Crockett, p. m.

Mr. Sebree, p. m.

illi—Mr. J. Bryan, p. m. ost-master. -Mr. Keller, p. m.: mile, Ind.—Post-master.
—Mr. Gray, p. m.
—J. P. Letcher, p. m.
—J. George Talbot, esq.
ring—Henry Daniel, esq., or

ree, Ten.-Post-master, ysville—Mr. Roe, p. m. ys Lick—Mr. Shotwell, p. m.

aster. -Post-master. ille-Dr. Younng, p. m. Post-master.

Post-master. Mr. Patton, p. m. Mr. J. Turner, Printer. uellville-Mr. Piper, d. p. m. Louis-Mr. Heary, Printer, or Post

nes-Thos. Dubois & Co. Mes-Joseph W. Bryson, p. m. hester-Mr. Ritchie, p. m Washington-Mr. Murphy, p. m.

LUST.

LARGE EAR RING of fine Gold, was A dropped in Main-street, near the cor-aer of Mill-street, on Monday the 18th inst. Argentiems in Domestic Clothing was seen to pick it up by a hystander, who it is hoped will leave it at Mrs SAUNDERS' Millinary flore, where he will be rewarded for his trou-le if he requires it. Lex. Sept. 21, 1820 .- 38

Notice.

MAGE indebted to WILLIAM LEAVY, or to the subscribers, either by note or count, are particularly requested to come orward and settle their respective dues.

WILLIAM LEAVE & SON. Lexington, 14th Sept. 1820-37-6t

Rope-Making Business.

THE subscribers having rented Mr. Hart's Rope Walk for a term of years, with the

Rope-Making Business, In all its various branches, they will give the lighest price in CASH for HEMP, delivered at said Walk, where BALE ROPE, CAPLES and TARRED ROPE, of all descripions, may be had on the shortest notice, war anted of equal quality to any manufactured in the United States. They wish to purchase a quantity of TAR. MORRISON & BRUCE

Lexington, Jan. 15, 1820-tf

The Sign of the GULDEN ROSE Removed from No. 7, Cheapeide; to

New Est Nos 84, Main serect. O'NE door below & KEEN'S HOTEL
and will be open for the recaption of
finiors—where (as usual) the smallest favour
will be acknowledged with gratitude.
By their obstitent servant, J. M. PIKE

by 27th, 1820.

POR SALE, LIPE estate, occupied by Gos. Adams of for several years past, at Frogtown is yette seemty, of about

10 Acres of land.

on the Mills, Still-House, two Stills & and the Mills, Store House, Dwelling &c. As the mile land was sold HAVING mass cited the market of the process of the market of the process of the inverte finely. Court till, some credit will be given, and posting given immediately. For terms, apply that may be entrusted to them. Their Office that may be entrusted to them. Their Office is kept opposite the Court, looke, on Mail treet, adjoining Morton's corner.

Actual 20, 1830-5-35-6

"Don't give up the Ship." LEXINGTON



ENTERTAINMENT.

LUKE USHER.

(SIGN OF THE SHIP,)

AS the pleasure to inform his friends, and
the public in general, that he has again
opened a HOUSE OF ENTERTAINMENT,
in the Beick by in the Brick house on Short-street, opposite his former stand. Although his loss by the his former stand. Although his loss by the late fire was considerable, yet he has used the utmost exertions to prepare himself for the comfortable accommodation of those who may favor him with their custom.

Lexington, Dec. 3, 1819.—49tf N. B. A few gentlemen can be accommodated with boarding, on reasonable terms

Han Away

PROM the subscriber, on Friday night last, a NEGRO MAN SLAVE, named TOM He is near six feet high, black skin, handsome form and features, well made and stout, about twenty-four years of age. He can read and perhaps write. As he is well supplied with clothes, it is quite uncertain what he has on; amongst other articles, he has a handsome blue cloth coat. It is probable that he has taken a young SORREL MARE belonging to the subscribes. the subscriber. The Mare is only three years old, large and tolerably well made—has rather

heavy jaws, trots but cannot page.

For the recovery of the Slave and Marc, or either of them, an adequate reward shall be given.

C. QUMPIREYS.

HEMP. THE HIGHEST PRICE CASH IN HAND, Given for Hemp,

Delivered at the Rope Walk formerly the property of James Kenna, dec'd on Water-street. HENRY WATT. Bexington, February 5, 1819-46

Sugar, Salt, Nails &c. THE subscribers have received per tho STEAM BOAT FAIETTE-ORLEANS SUGAR, in Uarrels, SHAD and MACKAREL,

ALLUM and Liverpool SALT, CUT NAILS, of all sizes. And are in expectation of receiving within few days, a choice collection of SUMMER GOODS, all of which will be sold at their usual low prices.

TILFORD & TROTTER.
Lexington, June 20, 1820.-24

Lexington Ware House.

THE subscriber having rented of ROBERT WICKLIFFE and JOHN BRADFORD, their large BRICK WARE-HOUSE, in Water street, solicits patronage from the public An inspection of Tobacco, &c. has been established by law, and inspectors appointed. Tobacco inspected at this Ware-house can be shipped as cheap as from any point above Prankfort, and at any season that boats can go

C. BRADFORD.

Sept 1820.-37

WILL give the highast price for clean common country WOOL, in KENTUCKY STATE PAPER, delivered at the Factory or to John Bryan & Son, Saddlers.

Kexington, May 20, 1820.—22tf

85 Dollars Rewind. THE Memorandum Book advertised to have been lost by me on the 20th inst. containing

390 Dollars.

In notes on the Virginia Bank and Farmers Bank of Virginia, has been found and returned with only Five Dollars of the money. The person having the money is at liberty to return the balance: say 300 Dollars, and no questions asked. He can inclose it under cover to Mr. Samuel Ayres, or to myself, and deposit it in the letter box of the Post-office in this

EDWD. ROWZEE.

FOWLER'S GARDEN



Inke Usher,

BEGS leave to inform his friends, and the public, that he has added to his present ESTABLISHMENT, that beautiful and well known place of refreshment and recreation, Fowler's Garden,

Where Ladies and Gentlemen may, at the short of notice, be accommodated with Dinother refreshments, on moderate terms. And in order to render comfortable the situation of Ladies who may be inclined to visit those Gardens, Mrs. Usher has re-moved to this delightful spot, whereast will the her best endeavers to make their visite pleasant and entertaining. And from the assignous attention which will be prid at all times to his guests at the Gardent, he hopes to give the heral artistaction to all who may honor time with their company.

LAW OFFICE.

Was T. Barry B Laurence Leavy

COFFEE HOUSE

Benjamin Lamphear, TILL OCCUPIES THE HOUSE AT THE

A Sign of the Indina Queen.)

A ND having employed Mr. WM. LONG, a gentleman of experience and veracity, to superinted his stables, he is determined that no gentleman shall have the least occasion to find fault, either with the House or Stable. The feels grateful to his friends and the public for their support hitherto, and hopes in future to merit and receive theig patronage.

He would do injustice to his feelings, were he not to return his most grateful thanks to his Maspine Brethren, for their kind and accommodaling discontinuous provided at the commodaling discontinuous provided at the second second

commodating dispositions, manifested at the last meeting of the Grand Lodge.

36-4m Lexington, Ky. Sept. 7, 1820.

Fresh Hogs' Lard, OR family use, for Sale by the small or

Timothy. Blue-Grass, and an assortment of Garden Seeds,

SOPIMENT of Garden Seeds,
Best LAKE SHAD, smoked,
SPANISH PROWN, WHITENG, CHALK,
and PAINTS, and Oll. of every kind.
ALSO,
A CLOSE BODY COACH, for Sale cheap.
JOHN STICKNEY.
Sept. 28, 1830—39-3

CUT NAILS. JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE,

40 KEGS 3d, 4d, 6d, 8d and 10d Philadelphia CUT NAILS, of an excellent quality, by the Keg-or single pound. Apply to M. J. NOUVEL. Ler. Aug. 8, 1820.-33

BY THE PRESIDENT Of the United States.

THEREAS, by various acts of Congress, the President of the United States is authorised to direct the public lands which have been surveyed to be offered for sale.

Therefore, I, James Monroe, President of the United States, do hereby declare and make known that public sales, for the disposal (according to law) of Public Lands, shall be held

as follows, viz:
At Franklin, in Missouri, on the first Monday in sanuary next, for the sale of Townships 51 to 55, in range 26, west of the 5th principal meridian line. 50 to 53, range 27 and 28,

At the same place, on the first Monday March next, for the sale of

Townships 51 to 55, in range 50, west of the 5th principal meridian line.
50 to 56 in range 31, 32 and 33 do At St. I.ouis, in said state, on the first Mon day in December next, for the sale of Townships 35 to 44 in range 1 & 2 east of the

principal meridian line.

At the same place, on the first Monday in March next, for the sale of
Townships 35 to 44, in ranges 3 and 4, east.
At the same place, on the first Monday in
May next, for the sale of

Townships \$5 to 44, in range 5 and 6, east, and of 43 and 44. in range 7 east.

At Jackson, in the county of Cape Girardeau in the said state, on the first Monday in February next, for the sale of Yourships 34, in ranges 1 to 2, cast of the 5th

incipal meridian line 33, range 4, cast 29, 30 &31 5, 51, 32 & 33 At Edwardsville, in the state of Illinois, on

the first Monday in January next, for the sale Townships 8 to 10, in range 9, west of the 3d principal meridian line.
11 to 13, 10 and 1 o to 13, 12 and 1

10 and 11 12 and 13 S to 12, At Vandalia, in the said state, on the 3d Monday in January next, for the sale of Townships 5 to 10, in range 1, east of the 3d principal meridian line.

2 to 10 ranges 3, 4, 5 and 6 1, 6, 9 and 10 range 7, cast 1, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10

At l'alestine, in said state, on the second Monday in February next, for the sale of Townships 6 to 10, in ranges 9, 10 and 11, east of the 3d principal meridian line. 5 to 10 range 14 west of 2 principal meridian line.

7, 9 and 10 ranges 12 and 13

At Detroit, in Michigan Teraitory, on the first Monday in November next, for the sale of Townships 8, 9 and 10, in ranges 4 and 5 east, 8 and 9
7, 8 add 9
7 and 8
Except such lands as have been or may be

reserved by law for the support of schools, or for other purposes. The lands shall be sold in regular numerical order, beginning with the lowest number of section, township and range.

Given under my hand, at the City of Washington, allis mineteenth day of September, 1820.

JAMES MONROE By the President,

JOSIAN MEJGS, Commissioner of the General Pand Office Printers who are authorised to publish the Laws of the United States; will publish the above once a week till the first of May, and send their bills to the General Asad Office for payment.

Sept. 25, 1820—42t 1 May

Mexander Parker & Son. HAVE JUST RECEIVED FROM PRILADELPHIA I THE best IMPERIAL GUAPOWNER TEA, COPPEE and LOAF SUGAR ES They have also for sale on good terms for

Salt and Castinger Lexington, Sept. 30, 1820 40-3:

Cash will be given for TALLOW & BOAP GREASE ELIVERED at my Soap and Candle Par Vater-streets, at the territor of Main-Grees and Water-streets, at the leaves and of the lower water-house. Leakington, or at the Greek Crossings, Scott county, JOHN BRIDGES. December 30.-53

State Seminary of Indiana. SALE OF LOTS.

HE public are bereby notified, that on the 2d MONDAY IN AOVEMBER next, on that part of the reserved township in Monroe county, most contiguous to Bloomington, comprising the soite located for the State Seminary, there will be a sale of lots of various sizes, consisting of not less than one half acre, nor more than twenty acres each. One fifth of the purchase money will be required in advance, and the balance in three annual instalments.

Purchasers will be required to give notes with approved security, on which they will seceive

Those acquainted with the aituation of the lands in said township, require no commenda-tion to make them sensible of its pecifiar and local advantages : but for the better information of those fiving at a distance, it will not be improper to observe, that nature has been bountful in bestowing on this place all the requisites that a generous public, zealous for the promotion of the object in view, could to the dining room was nailed up. In with reason anticipate or even desire. A suview of the town, fertile country around and slept madame Dunont, and the dame excellent springs that never fail.

and respectability, who would enjoy the highness slept upon two solas joined to-bleasings of health as well as the convenience gother. During the voyage Bergami's of attending to the education of their own off-

Sept. 1820.—40-4t J. B., Agent.
Sept. 1820.—40-4t J. B., Age.
P.S. The editors of the Indiana Gazette,
Western Sun and General Advertiser, Western Fagle, Tocsin, and Plain Dealer, Ind.
Commercial Advertiser, Kentucky Gazette,
Ky. and Liberty Hall and Supporter, Ohio;
are requested to give the above four insertions in their papers and forward their accounts to the subscriber.

50 Dollars Reward. BROKE Jail, with two others, on the night of the Soth July, in Lexington, a AE-

GRO MAA, named ADKINS.

He is about 23 rears of age, straight made, and nearly six feet high—a midling dark complexion, and tolerably thick lips—and has a scar on the side of his head. The above reward will be given for him, if caught out of this state, and delivered to me in Lexington or secured in any convenient Jail; and twenty five dellars, if caught in this state. All reasonable expenses will be paid.

ROBERT A. GATEWOOD.

Lexington, October 1829—40.7

Notice.

N pursuance of a Decretal Order, of the Payette Circuit Court, made at the June term, 1820, and an amendment there at the September term, 1120, in the suit in Chancery depending in said Court, wherin Stepher H. Reed is Complainant, and Lewis Hogan is will expose to sale, on the premises, to th tucky, or its branches, on the 11th day of No

106 Acres of Land.

Or as much thereof as shall be sufficient to so isfy the Complainant's demand. The Land is situated in the county of Garrard, and state of Kentucky, on the Kentucky river, adjoining the lands of Elizabeth Hogan, Taylor & Hicks heirs &c. Further particulars will be made known on the day of sile by

WM. B. SUMMERS) AND RICH'D. SHARP, October 12, 1829-41-3

OCTOBER BEER. George Wood,

AS commenced Browing for the fall season, and les now .2MBER BEER for sale at the

Lexington New Brewery. 37 00 per 32 gallon Cask) Delivered 3 50 fer 15 do. do. at the resi-

87 cents per Jar of 34 gallons-de livered at the Brewery. A CUNSTANT SUPPLE OF

PORTER, by the cask or dozen. Double l'ale Ale & Brown Stout. In a few weeks, when due notice will be given. A quantity of WHEAT and BARLEY WANTED.

October 5 ,1820-40

STENOGRAPHY.

THE Subscriber announces to the Laches and Centlemen of Excington, and its neighborhood, that he will commence accourse neighborhood, that he will commence accorded of lessons on an improved system of SHOR." ItAND, as soon as a sufficient number of scholars to form a 'class shall have made application. The willty' of this art, to the student and man of letters, must be obvious. The dent and man of letters, must be obvious. The man of husiness may, by its means, avoid the diudgary and loss of time necessary in copying letters in the usual manner; nor will its advantages be inconsiderable to the Ladies; the conveniency of keeping dieli memorandums, and copies of their convenience in short hand, need not be overcaped dence in short hand, need not be overcaped. short hand, need not be urged a and as ar relegant meaning his more then will be adoptive compensated for the short-time devoted to its attainable. Those who prefer it, will be wanted on at their own business.

To MQUEEN: Lidxington, October 12, 1890.

10 Dollars Reward. WAS feloniously takes from my honse, on the 11th inst. a large memorandum Pocket Book.

of the following Bank Notes, viz :-Onnaming the following Bank Notes, viz:

One 55 Kentucks, note 50 on Barboursville,
18 on the Licorgetown bank, 23 on the Hart
ford, Con Dank, 57 on Knouville, Ten 51
of Richmond, 1 a 51 on Bouville, Ten 51
of Richmond, 1 a 51 on Bouville, and
35 on Newport bank. Also a number of
papers, of no use to say person except to my
self. Any, person linking mid pocket Book
and detecting the thief shall have the above
reward.

B. M. MARSHALL.

Opposed 12th, 1820.—61

FOREIGN NEWS.

TRIAL OF THE QUEEN.

House of Lords, Thursday, Aug. 24., The first witness called, this morning, was Vicenzo Guerguila. This witness laing sworn.
The solicitor general then proceeds

to examine the witness. He was owner of a polacre called the Industry. She is now a brig, called the Abramo. That vessel had been engaged to convey the princess of Weles from Augusta to Greece. She was hired at Mestina, and the princess embarked at Augusta for Greece. Before her royal highness ambarked, the witness had arranged the to the dining room was nailed up. In slept madame Dumont, and the dame d'honneur. In the cabin on the other These advantages, combined with others too numerous to detail, hold forth a promise of a pleasant retreat to all gentlemen of wealth open. was Bergami's bed. Her royal gether. During the voyage Bergami's propriety. Did not know West bed was removed from the cabin before spoken of into the dining room. It stood

on the right hand.
Witness thought a person in his (B's bed could see another in the bed of the princess, if the door was open. The weather became very warm after they left Juffa, and the princess had her bed placed under a tent on deck. She slept upon a sofa; Bergarhi slept under the same tent. The tent used to be close all round during the night like a pavillon. Witness was the person whose office it was to close up the tent. It was made quite close, impervious to the observation of all those on deck. About eight in the morning the tent used to be opened .-Witness often saw the princess when the tent was opened. She used sometimes to be sitting, and sometimes in bed. He used to see Bergami coming out of the tent in the morning. He was always entirely dressed. He wore a Grecian

A light used to be kept in the tent at night for almost ten minutes after it was closed up. Witness was in the habit of taking tway himself. It was Bergami who hauded it to him.

The princess often ordered it to be se up as a pavilion to take a nap in during the day, but ordinarily it was but as an awning. Witness had received orders to shut it up quite close during the day, at a time that Bergami and the princess were within it. Witness has seen the Princess and Bergami on their beds at these times; Bergami used to be lying

on his back opon the smaller bed.

tion he was ordered by the Princess to close the tent. In about a quarter of an hour afterwards Bergami came out.-The princess used to take a bath on board very often. Bergain accompanie ed her, as he did no every other occasion when she went below. He had seen the nim come from under in the morning. Princes and Bergami sitting on deck together frequently. Has seen her sitting on his knee, and each kissing the other.—This kissing he has seen more than once; very frequently. When she walked on deck she took Bergami's left arm; he never saw her take the arm of any one clse. Has seen Bergami play frequent jokes during the voyage. He has seen him put pillows and cushions under his Grecian dress, to make the Princess and others laugh-Witness does not know exactly what Bergains ment to represent by that trick : in his mind it was an apish trick; mere buffoonery. (Here an objection made by the Queen's counsel as to some queso tions, was overraled by the court ---The Princess and Bergami dined togeth er in the same tent p they dined some times alone, and sometimes William Austin who was called the Princes's son, was with them. Cross examined by Mr. Williams Sir Win. A, Court, the minister at Nai

Milan. Had had no conversation with Peturzo, the last witness, relative to his deposition before colonel Brown at Mi lan. By their lordships was paid 750 dollars per month and all expences; by the Queen during the voyage. Remembered once to have ordered the mate away when he saw the Queen shid Bergami on the bed, that be might not see that which was indecent was night Bergami might have passed from the tent, brew the hatchway to the dising com below but he did not know that he ver did. The witness here put in his certificate of good conduct during the voyage written by the Queen in his pre-sence. Was once ordered to put down the curroins of the tent when the Queen and Bergami were sitting on the punfurtains were so down. He did nothing ally go down to the dining room at night. The withess then withdrews 2017

He experimenter of Majecci.—Mr. in wishing Bergami to mis with Broughes said, he had up other up-was only to save the expense to plication to make to sheir Lordships, in oles. The Countage of Oktain

o muq tertu ?() he had the moments Majorei, whiteur farther to thereforey has haped althright would order. him to be called had only one question to put to which ringht probably lead on an two more. After some discussions was given. Theodore Majorei was brought to the bar, and applied along the interpreter to be admitted as a to assure their Lordonlyse that he ready so lay down his tital in come;

if his former testimony was not Witness was not at Briefol de fast or present year. Has been at Go cester during that period y knows Of cester very well., Lived those in service of a Mr. Hyer. Has mis persons there that the Queen was woman. Had always said she good woman found bonne; but she was surrounded by bad people raglia.) Cannot recollect at all white ever said she was a prudent would be ever said she was a prudent would be comediated. imprudent in her conducts N Glaucester. Recollected a complained that Bergamish part of the servants' wages, and Resollected a son of Mrs. Hug is housekeeper to Mrs. Adam in law to Mr. Hyan. Did no that he had ever told this person Queen was an exclient and woman or that as far as he had that she had conducted herself produced in a stage chuch from Gloucester to London. D remember to have spoken angle of the Queen in any stage con could swer that he never monti Mr. Johnson that he had been a become a witness against the Q Never (with vehemence) sever has so to any one. Did not know the of Johnson. Never (with violent culations) said that he had exp great advantages by becoming a sit against the Queen. Would have his life if eyer he had had discount the kind with any body. Naves a (with vehemence) said to any body, he expected money or a piece u government for giving evidence any recollect here many months had no recollect her many months he with Mr. Hyatt. Came from Viewith Mr. Hyatt as a servant left when he returned to Vienna, there was any discourse about the Qu witness always said that she was a go woman, because if he had said she was bad woman, they would have picked quarrel with him.

Remembers one occasion particularly, when having seen Bergami in this situation ness colled, and examined by Mr. Park He merely deposed that he suite of the Queen as cook two rea and accompanied her on her voyage Greæ; that she had seed Bergam und the tent in the evening when the Qi was there; and that he sometimes; Five o'clock being arrived, an ad-journment was moved and there Lord-

ships separated. FRIDAY, August 25. The house met as usual this day about ten. Francisco di Rollos examianation resumed. Had frequently seen Bergami and the Queen together at Villam and D'Este arm and arm. Witness recollocted and described the house, gestures and motions made by Mahomel in the Guioco. At an inn at Turin he remembered to have seen Bergami come out of the Queen's bed room, he had at the same time a sulk robe de chambre, diherwise he was fully attired. Cross examined. Was questioned at Milan before colonel Brown. When he saw Bergami come from the Queen's room into his own, he observed that Bergami's bed appeared as though it had not been alept in. Had some dispute with Begami before he left the Queen's service. Mahomet had the care of the houses. Witness was confined by a hurt while if the service of the Queen, and on and resumed. Had frequently seen Bergan the service of the Queen, and on occasion she visited his room to see he was well treated. Beyond was her; witness was at the time in bed. Captain Pechell deposed to his har objected to ait at the same table. ples, agreed to allow him 1000 dellars per month as compensation directived and month's allowance in advance at

Bergami, when carrying the Queen a suite from Sicily, that person has waited at the table when on board Clorinde, in the suite of the Queen former occasion. In come queen provided a second table, and and in her own capin. Witness the know who dia so with her.

Captain Briggs conveyed to the land suite from Genos to Sicily in 1818. On that occasion we provided and suite from Genos to Sicily in 1818. On that occasion we provided that of the Queen. Had seen them were and arm together, both or and at Messins. This witness examined with a view to she with a deep previously some distributed with a view to she with and also to she with the Chaptain and also to she with the Chaptain was only to save the expense of was only to save the expense of the control of the Chaptain was only to save the expense of the control of the Chaptain to mine was only to save the expense of the control of the Chaptain was only to save the expense of the control of the Chaptain to mine was only to save the expense of the control of the chaptain to mine was only to save the expense of the control of the chaptain to mine was only to save the expense of the chaptain to mine was only to save the expense of the chaptain to mine was only to save the expense of the chaptain to mine was only to save the expense of the chaptain to mine was only to save the expense of the chaptain to mine was only to save the expense of the chaptain to mine was only to save the expense of the chaptain to mine was only to save the expense of the chaptain to mine was only to save the expense of the chaptain to mine was only to save the expense of the chaptain to mine was only to save the expense of the chaptain to mine was only to save the expense of the chaptain to mine was only to save the expense of the chaptain to mine was only to save the expense of the chaptain to mine was only to save the captain to mine was only to Bergami, when carrying the Queen

Total me total and day

Piette Puchi was agent of the Black Coagle in Trieste. The Queen was bere about four years ago, and remained aix days. During that period he saw Gergami come from the Queen's chamher our three or four occasions, about night in the marning; he had on at the time a Polish surrout, stockings and panraloons. Witness saw him through the key hole of his own room, which, as well as that occupied by the Queen, opened into a large dising room, he was waiting to attend their call for breakfast. Saw them frequently walk together arm in arm. The bed assigned for the use of Bergami did not appear to have been slept in, although it had been unmade. Was examined by cololel Brown at Milan, and also by Mr. Maule sinte his arrival in this country. Cross examined When instructed to serve things at staed hours, he was in the hebit of looking through the key hole of his room door to see if the parties were ready.

Upon Jane Barbara Kreese being called, a German interpreter, named Kolmarter, was sworn. Witness lived at the Port inn, in Carlerune, as chambermaid. Remembers the Queen coming there three years since. The Queen and Bergami slept in rooms both communicating with a dining room. A broad bed was placed in the room occupied by Bergami. Was desired to carry some water into Bergami's room one evening during the Queen's at y between seven and eight o'clock. [Here some objection was made to the translation being correct.] On entering the room, she saw the Queen and Bergami there, the latter was in bed, and the Queen was mitting on the bed near him. Bergami y a see any body else get into the chair? had his arm round the Queen's neck, have not, I only saw them alone. and dropt it as soon as she went in .-Could not see whether Bergami was undressed or not; she saw that the arm appeared white. The Queen on perceiving her jumped up, and she was frightened. [At this moment her majesty, who had been present during this witness's examination, rose and left the house, followed by Lady Ann Hamilton.] Upon the question being repeated, wit-Best answered that the Queen " had got up" when she entered. The bishop of Peterboroug having here complained of the incorrectness of the translations, Mr. Brougham entreated their Lods ins to postpone this evidence until a better interpreter could be found, or until the Queen's counsel could provide themselves with ne capable of enecking the present one. After some conversation amo g their lordships, the examinatio was in consequence postponed, and the house adjourned at 4 o'clock SATURDAY, AUGUST 26.

The morning priyers having been read at the usual hour, a German interpreter, named Kersten, was sworn on behalf of her Majesty. Jane Barbars Kreeswas then placed at the bar. On repeating the questio. last proposed to her, the witness replied, that before she withdrew she saw the Queen jump up, and that alse (the witness) was a righted. On making the bed in Bergami's room one morning, she found a cloak in it; she thought it belonged to a female because it had a hood; it was of grey silk, and heard some body enter. the saw the Queen wear one of a si- What did you hear or observe aftermilar appearance and color next day On unfolding the cloak sh found, it was taken from her by a servant. Here the Witness entered into some particulars relative to the appearance of the bed, which decency forbids repeating. She seemed lew interrogatories. The examination in chief then terminated. Mr. Brougham said he had only two

questions to put to the witness, as h wished to reserve himself for such cross examination as he might think it his duty to, in justice to his illustrious client hereafter, in a future stage of the case, to enter into. The Lord Chancellor though a second cross examination irregula and therefore recommended Mr. Broug ham to confine himself to a question or two relative to the rank and situation o the witness, which the learned counsel said he would do.

In answer to questions from Mr. Brougham, the witness replied, that she Was a year and a half chambermaid at the inn. She was not married when the Queen was there, but has been since maried. Had lived in several families. among others, the Grand Duke of B den ; was twenty five years of age, and bad lived last at Carisrushe. She was ordered to come to this country by the Minister of Baden; the courser wno ac companied her paid all her expences.

The Earl of Lauderdale objected to the cross examination thus proceeding, in which the Lord Chancellor concurred discussion immediately commenced, which lasted for some time. Lord Grenville urged the necessity of adopting some rule with regard to the cross examination, which should afterwards not be departed from. It was suggested by his lorgship, that counsel should be heard as to the rule that ought to be a dopted, upon which Mr. Brougham re quested time, that he might consult those who acted with him. It was therefor determined to adjourn, and the house separated shortly before two o'- know when he entered the princess' serclock.

MONDAY, AUG. 28. Chancellor came down to the house, and prayers were read by the bishop of Win- They always weut arm in arm. chester. The Peers were then called

whose of this day, then took place on the Ecry day I saw them together. mode proper to be adopted respecting What was their conduct towards eac.

also adjoining that of the Queen, the cross examination of the witness.

Her Majesty came down to the house at haif past two. WEDNESDAY, Aug. 30.

At a quarter past ten, the Council for and against were called in. Paulo Raggazzoni was then put to the bar, and examined by the Solicitor Gen-

Are you a native of Italy? I am.
Of what part of Itily? The answer ras not heard.

What are you? . A mason. Were you ever employed as a mason to do work at the Villa d'Este? I was Had you workmen employed under rou! sometimes 20, 25 30, 8, 12, dif-

ferent numbers. While you were doing work at d'Este, were the Princess and Bergami there? No; when I went to the Villa d'Este,

they wer in greece. Did they alterwards come to the Villa Este while you were there? Yes. Did witness ever see the Princess and Bergami on the lake at the Villa d'Este?

I have seen them. Was there any canoe there? There

Did you ever see them together in that canoe! I have. Alone or with other people? Alone,

Once or more than once ! More than ence or twice. Did you ever see them together in the

garden? I have.

Did you see them alone in the garden?

Once or more than once? I have een them twice, but once I saw the Princess in a chair with wheels to it, and Bergami was behind pushing the chair. After you had seen the Princess in the chair and Bergami pushing it did

At the time when you saw the Bare drawing or pushing the chair, in which her Royal Highness w. s scatod, was and body with them or were they alone? The Bar n and the Princess were alone.

Did you see Bergami get into the hair? I have.

You said when the Princess got into the chair the Baron drew or pushed it By whom was it drawn or puried whell the Baron got into it? The Princess pushed the chair.

I understand you to say that at this time they were alone. Veroni came and brought them the chair and then the were alone.

Have you at different times seen the Princess and Bergami walking in the garden together? I have seen them more than once. I have seen them say eral times together.

"Have you seen them walking in the garden alone? Alone.

In what manner? Have you observed whether they walked separately or together? Arm in arm. Was this frequently or seldon? More

than once, more than two times.

Do you remember being at any time at work in a groute in the garden? I do What work were you doing in that grotto? I was making the cornice to a round roun.

Was there a room adjoining that in which you were at work? there was. Waile you were at work did you hear any body in the adjoining room? Yes I

wards? I neard somebody come in, and I got down off the scaffold on which I was working, and saw the Princess and Bergami come in. There were two fig res in the a tioining room, one of Adam on the right and of Eve on the left; much agitated, and wept during the las that of Adam had the loaf of the fig. " a y looked at the figure and laughed tog ther.

You have told us that there was a figleaf on the figure of Adam, was ther my thing of the kind on Eve? Yes.

Can you tell how these leaves were fastened on? They were fastened on by means of an Iron wire, which went a round the figures, and they (I mean the

Where was the witness himself at the time? The witness described in action the attitude to which he had resorted, in order to look at them. He placed himself behind a pillar to observe what they were doing, and when he saw them coming towards him he mounted the scaffold and began to work again at the cornice. Did you ever attend the Theatre at Vitla d'Esta ? Yes.

Did you ever see Bergami and the Princess act together in the Theatre acre ! Yes.

More than once? Only once. Do you recollect what part was played by the Princess? She pesformed the character of a sick woman; and the Bar-

on performed the part of a person to go

and see her. In what character? To feel her hand and perform the part of a doctor.

The next witness was Hieronymo Miardi.

Are you a native of Itily? Yes. Do you know a person named Berga-?-- Y . s.

Did you know him before he was in the service of the Princess? Yes. How long was that before you saw him in the Princess' service? I have seen Bergami at the villa d'Este, but I dont

Did you ever see the Princess and Ber At ten minutes before ten't e lord gami walk together? Yes very often. How did they walk in company !-

When you were at the Valla d'Esta. had you an oppertunity st seeing the

Their fordships then adjourned until other as if they were married. With all friendship towards each other, as they were married.

Did, you ever see them walking? Yes. Did they walk separtely? No; arm in

Did you ever see thom in a canoc Alone? Yes.

Did you ever see them riding in a cariage called Pado Venello? Yes. How did they sit? Bergami was sitting.

in the back part, and the Princess on his Was any body else in the carriage be-

sides them? No one else. Did you ever see Bergami and the Princess in the kitchen together ? Yes,

frequently. What were they doing there; They were catinng at table where the cook was eating.

When you saw them in the kitchen on these occasions were the eating from one plate or iron two? Sometimes from one plate, so notimes from two.

Do you know the little- gate leading from the little garden to the great garin! Ido.

D you recollect ever seeing them together near that gate? Yes. How far off were you from them?

bout 20 or 30 paces. Did they do any thing to each other !

saw them once his there. On the mouth? Dwm behind, and I have not made this observation.

The question was reapeated .- They made the motion of kissing ; but whether on the mouth or not I cannot say. Have you seen them conversing toge-

ther on different occasions? Yes. have seen them talking together.

London, Aug. 20. It appears that Majocci the non-recorunderstand a word of english, had been ion, and by him transmitted to Alder-Briton.

tought him over from Italy. He al- heads if they attempt to use it. ways spoke in the highest terms of her ousiderable sum of money, and a place or life, if he would appear against her. cas find very credible people of Giou-ester to whom he told this. I request will make this known to Aiderman Wood; and some person may then be

To Mr. John Watts, 21 Castle-street, Oxford-st.

Two other letters have been received n corrobaration of the above state-

LONDON, Aug. 29.

From the language yesterday, of the apporters of the bill, many anxious riends of the Queen were apprehensive the decision of the House would prove unfavorable to her Majesty's interests; but from the course which the discussion is taking to day, there is reason to hope that the arguments and elequence of Mr. Brougham and Mr. Denman will ultimately triumph.

LONDON, Aug. 50

expressed a wish that she should be in ly as possible, in order that they might have personal communication with her n any subject which might arise in the ourse of the examination of the wirnes. s Her Majesty was as usual preced-

stage carriage to be brought to the door. At half past ten her majesty announce Princess and Bergami) put the leaves led that she was ready to proceed to Paace-Yard, and immediate; afterwards entered her carriage which was thrown open for the benefit of the spectarers. Her Majesty wore a dove coloured hat, be brim of which inclined very much n, both at the front and back. This was rnamented with a plume of feathers of he same colour. Round her neck he Majesty wore a roffle of extraordinary

magnitude. The people assembled to see her pass were few in number, and even those, mafajesey presed Carlton Palace she rned her eyes in an opposite direction with an assumed air of disgust. This seemed to please her followers, and they noticed it by loud cries of " bravo" and I dly clapping their hands.

In the windows of the houses in Pall-Mall the Lock-spor street, we did not notice a respectable person

At ten minutes after 11 o'clock she received her majesty in the usual manner; the soldiers presented arms, and the music played the royal samte. Her majesty proceeded to her retiring room, she was immediately attended by his colony. Mr. Brougham.

Lords yesterday, the members were proceed to the West Indies. and from greeted with their usual salutations of thence home." the crowd. The Duke of York was loudly cheered, and he conducted himself in the most condescending manner, smiling From a file of Sierra Leone Gazettes, to and bowing on every side. The Marquis of Anglescy and sonie others, conselered uniriendly to the Queen, met a very different reception; they were as-Hose while of their way!

By the last Mail.

RIOT IN ST. JAMES'S SQUARE.

he London Courier of the 1st of Setember contains some particulars of a if which happened on that day. A mph had assembled at the suggestion of a Mr. Mills, for the perpose of proposing an Address to his Majesty, calling up on him to dismiss his Ministers and dissolve Parliament. The orator had be gan his in rrangue, cheered by the meb when he was seized, together with some of his friends, and carried to Bow-street. The mob followed the officers, pelting them with brick bats and breaking windows. Mejor Cathweight appeared to give bail for Mills, wheh the following dialogue took place.

Magistrate-Who are you, Sir? I am Major Cathwright.

Magistra:e-Major of what? I am not major, I am only called a major. Magistrate-Then what are you am a Captain in the Royal Navy.

Magistrate-Then captain, and not major Cathwright, I have one question to ask you. I mean no disrespect, and pray are you not under a personal recognizance to answer a conviction ? I am.

Magistrat -Then I must reject your bait. Captain Williams then offered and was accepted. The other persons were

A Contier had arrived from Italy with despatches for the Queen. Her majes ty's stock immediately rose. Alderman Wood was in high glee.

Proceedings against the conspirators at Paris were going on.

It is possitively reported that furniture has been sent into some of the state appartments in the Tower .- M. Post.

Some doubts have been expressed of the correctness of the account which we 2 witness, who swore at the begin- gave yesterday, respecting the order reing of his examination, that he did not ceived by the King's upholster, for a supunderstand a word of english, had been ply of elegant bedding, and other furnitiving at Gloucester as a servant last ture, for the Tower. We have made The following letter has been ad- inquiries into the fact, and we have no resetd to a respectable person in Lon- reason to question its authority.- True

Gionzester, Aug. 23.

I know you to be a well-wisher of the part rooms in the Power of the part of the have every reason to believe is a man! Boteyn and Mary, is still there; but it the lived with Mr. Adam Hyatt, who will cost Cas I reagh and Liverpool their

It is very remarkable, that at the momaj sty, and said be had been effered a ment the King's Attorney General as cended the ber, to detail the charges a Igainst the Queen, as re was uttering the went through the honse followed by a tremendous clap of thunder. The circonstance excited a most extraordinary sent from London to make the necessary sensation through the house .- True

We understand that a lady of this city riched with a mist splendid border of. tambour work, which is intended as a present to the Oncon .- Edinburgh puft. James Wi's an convicted at Glascow

of High Treason, was executed on the with the decapitator, who was masked loudly cheered by the mob when he apstroke, and held up to the mob, who again cried "murder!"

This Morning her Mejesty arrived in of Lords, was associed by the mob with stated that all was still in confusion there, town; but to as many more, as we own at ten o'clock. Her Counsel had round domands of a shout for the Queen. The citizens were in arms, defending please to see it among us. thendance at the House of Lords as car- his way through and evade compliance without the town with a body of desperbut at last, surroun led and threatened adoes, threatening destruction to the with violence, he stopped short and took place if he entered it. He had, however or ever?' said he to his pers cutors, the skirmishes that had occurred. Ves, yes, off with your hat. You must, d by Alderman Wood, who by her Ma- you shall! exclaim d the mob. Well flag, and a frigate, arrived at Rio Janeiro, ty, a majority of 400: Delaware conjectly's command, gave orders for the tuen, said he, 'if I must, here goes my 20th of August, said to be destined for 541: Chester district 123: Darby A nay all your wives be like her.'

AFRICAN COLONIZATION U. S. ship HORNET. ? Island of Bonavista, Aug. 27, 1820 5

"On our arrival at Sierra Leone, we carned the painful intelligence, that all our Colony except one man, had filten sacrifice, to the unhealthiness of the imate. As the object of our visit was to see and learn the situation of the colomy, capt R ad thought it was most prucut not to procel to Sherbro. Our offected but little enthusiasm. As her stey at Sierra was four days, three of which we experience an incessant tor | creditor in that state, unless the said rant of rain night and day. The only way to preserve the crew, was to keep of duty. And thanks be te God, we all vance, for the use of the said debtor; and enjoyed good health. We saw the Cy that in case the said creditor, his agent, ane at the Island of Teneriffe, the officers were pretty well. She intends returning | said sum in manner aforesaid, then the to the coast after the rainy season and cruise six months. She has made no sed to set the said debtor at liberty more captures. She left a small schooarrived at the House of Lords. The Military and the officers of the House commanded by Mr Townshend, one of the midshipman, and, sad to tell, he him self and ail his crew have shared the same disastrous fate of poor Bacon and

We leave this day to cruise a short On the breaking up of the House of time among the Islands, then we shall

.N. T. Ev. Post.

July 1, 1820, Received at the office of the Boston Patriot.

27.12

had accompanied the expedition as a study, conclude with the following charvolunteer, for the purpose of following acteristic allusions :- Relf's Gaz, his studies, under the care of the late Who was Mr. Wirt, the present At-Rev. Samuel Bacon, arrived here on torney General of the United States Monday, and reports that the whole of the white people attached to that expedition amounting in number to twelve, are dead, (himself excepted) the loss among the colourd people live been also cation, laborious study and application vely great; twenty six had died in the whole, (white and coloured people.) The cause of the diseases is atributed to the boy of Annapolis. What has learning unhealthy shot offered to the expedition for a temporary accommodation by Mr. Kizell, of this colony, during the palavers is the effulgent centre of our orators with the Native Chiefs—these were the streams of his eloquence are floors protracted to an unusual length, and it of light, rapid as thought, and irrested. will surprise our readers to hear, that ble as lightning He combines the attrithe Chiefs were made to declare, "that they would hold no palaver with white

joint expedition, viz: that originaly under splendid conflagration of Tully. the charge of the Rev. S. Bacon, intended to form an establishment for the reception, education, and maintainance of such Africans se should be rescued from power almost of minting money. The slavery by men of war; and the other net annual income of the exertions of branch, under the direction of the Colouization Society, had in consequence the net income of the largest estate on of the death of the leader, fallen in the the Eastern Shore, where a real capital hands of every able coloured men from of upwards of three hundred thousand Baltimore, who had at last prevailed upon the Native chi fs to grant them an establishment in the Bagaroo river, where the whole removed the day after the departure of Doughen That gentleman, disappointed in his expectations-without employment in this country, is returning to his native home

We deplore the loss of the Rev. S. Bacon, and that of his associates-men of Ball of earth; Education is the solid talent, zeal and piety; we, indeed, lament the more, because we know that they had all been strongly advised by His Excellency the Governor to land their people on any part of the peninsula, which emphatically, in this instance, has wis-might appear to them preferable, until dom, founded on good education, and they had selected a proper situation for a final establishment, and completed their

We have again to notice the non arrival a vesse s from Europe; -in the mean a sen we continue building houses, feling trees, planting corn, sowing necand we five, en bon vivunts, wishing well io all good peop'e.

South America.

New-York, Oct. 7 .- Capt Cleavland, of the ship Beaver, furnishes the following intelligence. He left Callao June 11th. Reports had been received at Lima, via Valparaiso, of the revolution in Spain, which the government endeavored to repress; but the news was generalis working an elegant dress, to be en- ly credited, and was productive of general satisfaction. No security was left for the American vessels in the Pacific against the conduct of Lord Cochrane. without the continued presence of an American ship of war.

From Chili the accounts are up to the 29th June, at which time an expedition for the invason of Pern was in great forand were a cloak. The prisoner was wardness. It was to consist of nine vessels of war, 20 transports, and about bosoms with the noblest ambition-II peared on the platform. When he fell | 6000 troops, to be commanded by San the meb was loud with cries of " reur- Martin-who, with the Supreme Direct- With such singularly exalted east der!" After he was taken down his or, were at Valparaiso to hasten the ples full in our view, the native growt head was cut of with an axe at a single preparations. It was expected they of our own soil; can we he state another would sail the beginning of August.

A Peer, on coming out of the House The last advices from Buenos Ayres education, not only to every child in or He endeavoured for some time to push themselves against Alvear, who was off bis hat. And must I cry, the Queen | been repulsed, it was said in some of 10th inst. The city and county of 12

A French 74 bearing a rear admiral's oys-Huzza! the Queen for ever! and the River Plata. The Tyne, British Northampton 65 : Berks county, har s'oop of war, sailed from Callao 1st June 1021: Bucks county; in part 846with \$3,500,000, belonging to Spanish Findly has a mojority of 320: in Man Janeiro, and sailed for England on the the places heard from, 5249. The 24th of August. There was no later accounts from the

Mucedonian frigate than the early part of April, when she was at San Blass, destined for Panama.

A law has lately been enacted in Lousiana, declaring that no debtor shall be the state of its population. At pro kept in the body of any gaol on mesne process, or execution, at the suit of any | gate. creditor, his rgent, or attorney at law, shall pay to the keeper of the gaol, the nem in a state of nudity during the tour sum of \$3 50 a week, to be paid in ador attorney at law, should fail to pay the speriff or keeper of the gaol, is authori-[Com. Adv.]

St. Jonx, N. B. Sept. 26.

Fire in Nova Scotia .- Since our las: we have received corroborating accounts

of an extensive and calamitous fire, which has spread ist ravages for nearly 100 miles in extent over the most fertile proportion of the North and Western paris of Nova Scotia, from the neighborthe habitations of those ladies and go
hood of Yarmouth to the county of Anmen who may desire it. For terms est hood of Yarmouth to the county of Anhood of Yarmouth to the county of Annapolis. The are continued burning at Mr. Lanphear's Tavers. Sept. 13, 1830 for the space of three days, and such was its intensity that the very potatoes were burnt in the earth ;-houses, barns, fen ces, fields of grain, stock, of all kinds, FREE-TOWN, July 1. whole villages and settlements, fell a prey to the devouring element, and not willed with hissing and flooting during that the melancholy reports of deaths a vestage of venitation or herhage reand diseases raging among the Ameri- mains: seeral lives also are lost.

icans, who proposed forming an establish inent in the river Sherbro, are alast but treating of the importance of Education, and the advantages, under a republican government, of close application to

one of the first stations in the country with a handsome income? Good edu. and consequent knowlede.

Who was William Pinkney! A poop made him? The first lawyer; the most celebrated agdvocate of our country. He butes and the powers of the greatest orators of antiquity; never rising, but he is either the impetuous and overwhel-It appears that the government of the ming torrent of Demosthenes, or the

Here, again, follow the certain conse. quences : learning, accumulating around her station and public honours, and the this single brain is little, if any less than dollars is improved by the labour and sweat of hundreds of slaves.

Who was James Monroe? The son of a bricklayer in the town of Cambridge in Dorset. Who is James Monroe! The President of these United States and what has placed him above kings, and crowned heads, and principalities; nay, in the most exalted station on this granite pedestal of the column of his tame, supporting a shaft of the most towering altitude, whose Corinthian cap-ital is high above the clouds. How matured by intense study and application proved herself to be power, with station and honors, and wealth following in her train. Why then should not a son of one of our bricklayers, or hatter, taylors, or cabinet makers become future President of the United States The same path is open to them? true ands up the side sor a steep and rep tountain? and the elevated platfact not to be gained without setting out a line of good schools, and the seven nd most intense mental labour. B ne prize is well worth the boldest th ightest exertion.

Will it be said that nature made the nen of her best materials? no sed ning-Providence was bountiful to the ut Nature left these diamonds as roug us many pebbles now in the streets instruction mined them : and educate gave the high polish and the poi which illumes and dazzles America, throws their radiance far into ot countries. And have we not at moment genius and talents in our A damy equal to Wirt's, and Pinke and Monroe's? Yes, without doubt. among the sons of mechanics toowould to Heaven I could fire their re can never reach what they aim at

moment to combine and unite our be Capt. C. left Rio Janeiro 24th of Aug. | exertions to afford the blessings of go

Pennsylvania Election. The election for governor, members of congress, b took place throughout the state on it adelphia give to Heister a majority 2518 votes over Findlay : Chester con friends of both seem cofident of sacces

CENSUS.

Capt. West. who has just complete the Census of Lexington, has point furnished us with an abstract shewi we can only give the following agr

Slaves 3 : : : 1041 Free coloured persons : 145

5279 Total

Geo. Mest.

MR. E. THOMAS, MUSICAL PROFESSOR Lately from Europe and the Ba ern Cities)

RESPECTFULLY informs the Ladiest to open a MUSIC SCHOOL, in this place, AT MR. DARRAC'S BALL ROOM, Where he intends to teach the

Clarionette, Flute, Flagoeld Guitar.

LAW OFFICE

U. R. Chambers & J. F. Rolin WILL Practice LAW in conjunction it Scott and Fayette Courts. Their ice is kept in Georgetown, opposite of tranin's Tarern.

entucky Gazette

LEXINGTON: WESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 28

BANK OF KENTUKY. meeting of the stockholders of this ntution took place at Frankfort, or decader the 18th linet. when the foling resolutions were submitted and wably discussed in the representahall: THE IS

RESOLVED, That it is the interes the stockholders of the Bank of Kencty, that the corporation should con e to enist, if a suitable charter can be ained from the General Amerablys 2 RESOLVED, That it is not the interwal of the charter proposed by the act

old charter, with such alterations erein as were made prior to the year 919, and with such further security as may be thought proper to provide for individuals composing the community. he public against the evil of a suspen-

4. RESOLVED. That whether the ex of of the corporation be continued vanew charter or not, it ought, without lay, to begin preparations to pay its ebts due to persons who hold its notes, nd to those who have made deposits nth it.

5. RESOLVED That as the means of e corporation to pay its debts, indepenent of the cash in its vaults, and the paer which it holds of other banks, must derived from its debtors, gradual and hem, so as to produce such a sum as vill enable the corporation to commence he payment of its debts at a period not ater then twelve months from this time. lication be made to the general assem-

bly, in pursuance of the third resolution. 7. RESOLVED That it be recommended to the President Directors of the Bank to carry into effect the fifth and

The first and second resolutions were to be a wide difference of opinion upon der them a valuable currency in the state. the subject of the measures which to s institution ought to pursue at the present unparalleled state of our country. The banking system in general, and the consequences which result to society from it, will no doubt remain forever a matter of controversy. We shall therefore. the controverted points; but that part of the bobject which we shall take upappears to be a very plain one, and free from the doubts and uncertainties which belong to the system generally.

Finst-the value or profit to stockthe community, or people of Kentucky.

exist. There must be some inducement to part with money, if it is not more productive in Banks than in the hands of individuals, very few would give it up to the management of Bank directors. We presume this view of the subject will not be questioned. The so slow, and the testimony becoming too ted a committee agreeable thereto. next enquiry is, can specie paying banks unimportant for the columns of a Kenin Kentucky, under any management, be rendered profitable to its owners? We know of no means capable of securing that object, except the circulation of notes, and dealing in exchange. There mght remain some doubts upon this very point, if we were not already deeply for the tituation of their Queen. in possession of facts which are worth more than all the reasons that can be given. When the exchange is against tion of 100 of their body, in a grand a country, or in other words, when we are overwhelmed in debt to distant states that have no use for our Bank paper, it is impossible to keep it in circulation to pointed, if the next arrival brings news such an extent as to yield a profit upon the capital-The late bank of the U. States had a branch in New-Orleans when the exports from this country were very great, and our imports from that quarter not worth estimating. It is a fact, that the branch at New-Orleans could not circulate its notes to any ad-Tantage, its notes immediately found views of a majority of the Legislature, choose to attend the debates of this knew him to be under age) disposed to vote Philadelphia, through the merchants, object of relief. Many of the members who applyed them to the payment of du-Orleans unprofitable, because its notes parently in favour of something being out, or in circulation, were safe in the vaults of the parene Bank at Philadel-

At this moment we have three Branch. es of the United States Bank in the wes s just car as of complaint, we do not pre | community.

amount in the vaults of these specially veress is greatly beyond all former en- 17 Virginia Continental Line, and by pur-printee, with another judge, the theriff and in paying Banks, and their notes in circulation, because it is impossible for us to and in those banks, than they have notes la circulution is generally admitted. If such is their situation, of what value are they to stockholders or the country? we in a bill to repeal in part the amended would not be understood by refering to the specie paying banks, which is done morely for the sake of illustration, that it chirty ecucu. is intended as a complaint against thomfor either paying their notes or for having in safe keeping, so much hard stoney. But we would be understood by this to show, that a specie paying bank campot exist in Kentucky, and at the same time be valuable to the stockholders-W. of the stockholders to accept the regionsider the second possition equality plain, as it regards the utility of banks to the state, as a specie paving bank can-1. RESOLVED, That the stockholders not keep its notes in circulation to at to accept, if it can be procured, greater amount than the cash on hand, rin, Lackey, Ford, Worthington, Turner will it not follow that, it is better the money should remain in the hands of the

> In treating of this subject as connect ed with the deliberations of our Legisla. tive body, we shall in a future number | Spillman, Galdwell, Gordon, Bullitt, S. give our reasons for believing the paper of the Bank of Kentucky may sustain its French. pledge of payment at any given period.

We cannot perceive any great differ H. W. Moore and Hughes. ence between a promise on the part of the bank, to resume specie payment when the state of the country shall justify such | Porter. oderate calls ought to be made upon a measure, and a pledge to commence on a given day; for in the latter case, upon a solemn promise to pay, no one could expect a Tulfilment of that promise 6. RESOLVED, That a respectful ap- if the ruin of the bank, and great injuries to the country were to be the consequençes.

The characters that have directed the affairs of the state Bank, or those hereafter selected for that purpose will no duobt be able to give such assurances, adopted—the others rejected or post- to the people of this country, of theabiliponed until the general meeting on the ty and disposition of the institution to refirst of January next. There appears | deem its notes that will at all times ren-

EUROPE.

By the fast mail, we learn that Mr. Canning has been directed by the Finglish cabinet to proceed to Vienna, for the purpose of explaining to the Austrian Government the sentiments of the Bri tish court on the subject of the revolutionary events in Spain and Italy. It is for the present, wave our opinion upon siggested that the hipportical Emperor of Russie, is to be present at the conference, and it is probable, from the newspaper statements, that the king of Prus sia will also attent. We presume the essential subject of this Royal convention, will be to counteract the spirit of liberty which is now prevailing in the south of Europe. For ourselves, we in holders-and second, the advantages to cline to believe the views of Alexander will be disappointed. England no doub ist-Without a Bank can give to its pinion is not founded on any respect for gress. proprietors or stockholders a profit upon the victue of that government; but upon the funds vested in shares, it cannot long the supposition that it would be contrary to its policy to serve the views of Russia, in any way.

THE QUEEN OF ENGLAND.

We intended to convey to our readers | Which being twice read, was adop by the publication of the Queen's trial an idea of the profligacy of Royalty, but Afec, Brents, Fietcher, Sensford, J. persons intending to vote for your perimone an oath, which the law does not require tucky newspaper. In our future numbers we shall notice the trial in its passage through both houses of parliament, and if on reaching the House of Commons, it should assume a character more interesting than at present, we may again give some further extracts. It would appear, that the ladies of England feel An address with the signatures of sixteen thousand married ladies of Liverpool, has been sent to the Queen by a deputacavalcade of twenty-eight private carriages. This support from the ladies of the kingdom, must be rather unexpected to George the 4th, nor shall we be disanthat the trial has been suspended, for fear of exciting too highly the indignation of the whole nation.

Kentucky Legislature.

Extract of letter to a Gentleman in this town,

Dated, FR.1NKFORT, October 22, 1820: "I still remain ignorant of the real their way direct to the parent bank in in relation to the difficult and perplexing house; and that Mr. Garrard inform for those favorite candidates, he countenanced seem to be very timid and fearful of this topic, professing not to have formed any ties. Thus rendering the branch at N. decided opinion. There are others, apdone, who, in my opinion, are decidedly hostile to every measure of alleviation. I apprehend more danger from pretended kindness, than from avowed hostility.

"The Bank of Kentucky will without donbt, give the Legislature a great deal of trouble, I feel very unfavorably dispotern country, besides many state Banks | sed to this institution; and were I a memthat pay specie, and still the small a ber, my sentiments on this subject would mount of their notes in circulation afford only be restrained by a fear of imposing mount of their notes in circulation afford on the

ample. The course which the Legisla ture took last year in these matters, has been productive of great mischief."

that there is a greater amount of specie on Extract of a letter from Frankfort, da ted October, 24, 1820.

"On yesterday, there was considerable discussion in the House of Regresentatives, on leave being asked to bring charter of the Bank of Kontucky. The question was taken by your and nay's, and leave was granted by about fifty-six to

SKNATE. STANDING COMMETTRES "Of Propositions and Grievaners

Messrs. Ewing, Jones, Bowmar, Plour-nov, Marshall, Slaughter, Davidson, and

Of Privileges and Elections. Messrs. Faulkner, Crutcher, Ward, Perrin, Hickman, Weir and Gorin.

Of Courts of Junter. Messrs. Roper, Owens, Southgate, White, Pope, Eve and Given.

Of Bellgion. Mesrs. Dollerhide, Perand Smith.

The first named gentlemen is the Chairman of each committee. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Of Propositions and Grievances. Messrs, M'Millan, Lancaster, O'Bannon D. Clarke, Williams, Emmerson and

Of Privileges and Elections Mesors present or even a better credit without a Howard, Stevenson, Rife, Cassidy Selby, Ferguson, Phillips, Tood, Warfield,

Of Claims. M'Afee, Sandford, Hunter, Hickman, Gerrard, Butler, Rudd, J. Clarke, Calhoon, Watkins and O. C.

For Courts of Justice. Messrs. M' Kee, Wickliffe, Brents, Fletcher, Green, Grundy, Allen, T. P. Moore, Woods, Henderson and Shannon.

Scott Cotton, Cooper, M'Elroy, Far-row, Blakey, Mosley, Stone & Murray. Mr. M'Afee offerred the following re-

olutions which was adopted. Resolved, That so much of the Governors message as relates to the navigation of the Obio river bereferred to a

Resolved, That so much of the Governor's message as relates to Education and the Transylvania University be referred to a select committee.

Resolved, That so much of the Governors message as relates to the Penitentiary, be referred to a select committe. Resolved. That somuch of the Gov-

first resolution; messrs. M'Kee, Butant to the second; messrs. Gurard, Sandford, Allen, Grun ly Warfield and Howard, pursuant to the third; and messrs. Payne, Garrard, Snannon, Secvenson and Caidwell, pursuant to the orth resolution.

The house took up & adopted a resoluion from the Senate fixing on Thursday next for the election of Senator in Con-

Mr Todd offered the following resolution which was adopted.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1820. Mr. Cockerill presented the petition fignations Turley, representing that, ie is entitled by purchase from the issued, and it is now ascertained that

And the Speaker laid before the house the petition of Thomas Roberts of the voter was supposed to be disposed to vote Harrison county, representing that James. atton, Esq returned to serve as a meni-

of government, whenever they may the senate thereof.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1820 ing that a law may pass giving them further time to comply with the conditions of an act of assembly passed for their benefit, authorizing them to appropriate 1030 acres of land for the benefit of salt works.

Mr. Hall presented the petiton of Joseph R. Underwood, for himself and others, representing themselves heirs at of said Rogers, they are entitled to 140 acres of land in consideration of the miitary services of said Rogers in the Re-The number of applications for the very as an officer of the broke for the former judge, who was also an ad interested

inuse for valuable consideration from a -und praying the cruin her may be permitted to carry the same nte grant; and that provision may be made for carying into effect the act of We: Virginia legiclature, appropriating 4000 seres of fund of the Iron Banks, for the purpose of establishing a town.

The joint vote of both houses for Sena tor to fill the place of Wm. Lagan, on the first-ballot stood thus:

for Isham Talbott, : 1 42 John Rowap. 1 1 1 39 Samuel Mi Ecc, 2 : 28 Juseph Desha, 1 1 25 On the second bellot they stood thus s

al Rowah, 1 1 1 1 46 On the final vote they stood thus: For Tulbott, : : : : : 69 • Rowan, : : : : : 67

Tot Tathon; 1: 2 2. 4. 59

The following is a statement of the votes in both houses on the last hallot: SEATE.

For Mr. Talbot-Mr. Speaker and Messra Bowmar, Clay, Eve. Ewing, Ford, Hickman Lackey, Perrin, Pickett, Roper, Smith, Throck-morton, Turner, Ward, White and Will-

For Mr. Rowan-Messrs. Anderson, Barce, Briscoe, Crutcher, Davidson, Dollerhile, Faulkner, Flournoy, Given, Gorin, Marrison, Jones, Marshall, M'Ceau, Owens, Pope, Slaughter, Southgate, Weir, Wood and Worthington-21.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. For Mr. Isham Talbot—Mr Speaker, mes-srs Allen, Anderson, Blackey, Boyd, Bray, Butler, Chisholm, S. D. Clark, Cockerill, Cravens, Crow, Farrow, Fletcher, Fre ch, Gaines, Garrard, Gerard, Geobegan, Gordon, Harris, Henderson, Hickman, Howard, Hughs, Hunter, Leegy, Lee, Miller, H. W. Moore, Mosley, Mullens, M'Millan, O'Bannon, Parker, J. Patterson, Patton, Philips, N. P. Porter, O. C. Porter, Prewitt, Rudd, Ruffin, Sandford, Steenson, Taylor, Todd, Townsend, Warfield,

Williams, and Winlock-52.
For Mr. John Rowan, Messrs. Barnett, Bed-inger Berry, Brents, Bullitt, Caldwell, Caloon, Cassisly, J Clark, Cooper, Cotton, Graig, Cunningham, Emmerson, Ferguson, Green, Grundy, Hall, King, Lancaster, Love, Lync Of Redgion. Messra. Garrard, Payne, Lyne, T. P. Moore, Musford, Murray, M' Payne, Rife, Scott, Selby, Shacklett, Shanno Sharp, Slaughter, Spillman, Stone, Wakefield, Watting, Wickliffe, Wilcoxson and Woods-

COL. M. LYON'S PETITION.

To the Hommable the Representatives of the people of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, assembled at Frankfort.

The respectful Petition of Matthew Lyon, acitizen of Caldwell county, represents—That an illegal election has been held in the said county of Caldwell, in August hast, attended by circumstanees of uncommon turbulence, disorder, corruption and partiality on the part of the officers conducting that election, by means of which misconduct, John Mercer, esq has ernor's message as relates to the main-been unduly and improperly returned to enance of the Lunatics and the Favette serve in your honorable body, althor he is con-Hospital be referred to a select commit, stitutionally ineligible to the station, on ac count of his keeping the surveyor's office of said county, and acting the part of Surveyor, guson, Murray. Crow and Calhoon, were appointed a committee pursuant to the making corrupt use of the office, and making corrupt use of the office influence attached to that office to obtain the votes of the people, and of his connection with office, which has aided him'to got into his hands the money of the public debtor sent by them to pay into the treasury for their lands, which money he retains, defrauding the state of the use and interest of the money, while by reiterate I promised he holds those people to voic for him annually.

In order to promote his views with regard

to the late election, the said Mercur instigated the majority of the members of the county court at their last July term, to refuse to appoint judges and clerk for holding an elec-tion in the Eddyville election precluct—the sherid of the county, guided by the same RESOLVED. That so much of the Covrassed condition of the country, be re-ferred to a select committee. er, who was a can idate for the station of reperesentative of the said county, were improperly refused. And neglightes demanded of the case, thereby deterring many from coming to the polls who had determined to vote for our petitioner. The oaths administered in the said election to those whose votes were challenged, were not the othe required by hav-and were not all ministered by the officer the law directs to do that duty. The votes of commonweith to 174 agrees of land, which many persons were received for Mr. Mercer has been surveyed and carried into grant | who were not by their age entitled to vote in but that the patent has been erroneously for him who were not entitled by their resithe boundaries recited in the patent, lenged were allowed to vote for the said Merwere allowed to vote for the said Merwill not cover the land he designed to per without any outh being administered to appropriate; and praying that a law them, and in some instances where it would may pass, authorizing the register of by the person offering to vote, was administered to a by stander, on which the person was allowed to vote for Mercer. A doctring and allowed to vote for Mercer. may pass, authorizing the register of promote Mercer's election, the ath refused quite reverse was held and practised when for your petitioner. In order to obtain their votes for Mr. Mercer, persons were allowed to ber of this house from said county, was living out of the county were allowed to vote in the said election. In the turbulence sufhis election, and still continues so, in fered by the sheriff, persons intending to rote consequence of his exercising the office of deputy theriff and collector in said county, and przying legislative enquiry.

On motion—Ordered, That the two scats to the right and left of the lobby the sheriff and the polls with impunity, and przying legislative enquiry. door, be apropriated to the use of the magistrates, who sat as judges of the election members of the senate and the officers. The sheriff at Princetown made speeche The sheriff at Princetown made speeches in favor of his favorite candidates, and when he found a youngster (altho) he decared he

and encouraged him to vote Towards the close of the election at Princetown, one of the Mr Emerson presented the petition of votes had been refused) being called away, John Francis and Richard Slavey, pray ignorate person, one who had been urging on the illegal votes for Mercer, and had bets pending on his election, was sworn in as a judge. Through the influence and manage-ment of this person the illegal votes which had been refused were received for Mercer Late in the a ming of the last day of the elec-tion, after the poils had been closed, and the result of the election, with respect to the number of votes for each candidate, published v the sheriff at the court-house door-this ohn Rogers, deceased; and that as heirs private room and struck of from the list five of the legal votes given for your petitionerthe number declared for your petitioner at the

clock, made out and signed a certificate of the number of votes given for your petitioner five petitioner—five less than the number standing in the polls for intensive less than the num her declared at the court-house door a fe

The votes of persons who voted for your petitioner were set down to Mercer, or to another person—and mistakes were made in kewping the count of the polisto the lessoning the number of votes counted for your pe-titioner. The sheriff did not advertise the places of holding the election, and did not compare the poles at the place directed by law, and he has endeavored to conceal the original polls, and otherwise acted with regard to these

polls in an unbecoming manner

All these enormous transgressions agains the sucred right of free sufrage, and many more have been duly proven before commis-sioners appointed under the authority of the election law. However much your petitionhonored by being a member of your honorable body, he could not be influenced to contend for the high station merely for his own honor or gratification—nor could he pride himself in an election by a small or a doubtful majority, but always possessing a lively of the country but a majority; but always possessing a lively interest in the keeping the sacred previlege, the right of election and free suffrage pure and uncontaminated—and sensible of the impor-tance of the elective franchise, to the support of our republican institutions, your petitioner could not pass over those enormities without proper notice - Therefore, altho' his sole obcet is to vindicate the rights of his fellow citisens, and obtain for them an opportunity to be fairly, legally and constitutionally represented in your honorable body, he in compliance with the law in the case, prays your honorable house, that the matter of his petition may be heard, and that he be admitted to a sent in place of the sitting or returned member, John Mercer, esq all which, with his pravers for the welfare and prosperity and usefulness of your honorable lody, is respectfully submitted by your petitioner, MATTHEW LYON.

Grand Concert.

Mesers. Garner & Hill, ESPECTFULLY inform the ladies and gentlemen of Lexington, that their CONCERT will take place

ON THIS EVENING. Thursday, Oct. 26, At Mr. Giron's Ball Room,

OVERTURE to Lodoiska. Kiringer. SONG_Mr. Garner_" Snowy Rose." SONG __Mr. Hill __ " Love's Young

PART I. .

SONG_Mr. Garner_" Has she then fail'd in her truth." Broham.

WALTZ. DUETTO-Messes Garner and Hill-* Minute Gun at Sea." SONG_Mr. Hill_" Robin Adair."

Braham SONG-Mr. Garner-"Scott's wha' ha' wi' Wallace bled."

WALTZ. DUETTO_Mesers. Garner & Hills Rest weary traveller." (From the Opera of the Devil's Bridge). PATRIOFIC SONG __Mr. Hill.

"HUZZA FOR CGLUMBIA." PART II. OVERTURE to the Lady of the Minor. Arnold.

SONG-Mr. Hill-" Though Love is warm awhile "_Braham. SONG_Mr. Garner_" Kitty of the Composed by a lady of Frankfort.

SONG_Mr. Hill-"Cirl of my heart." Shield.

SONG_Mr. Garacr_"Soldier's Bride." DUETTO_Mesers, Garner & Hill-WITH A FRIEND & WIFE." Brakem.

ALLEGRO. SONG Mr. IIII Where shall the lover rest. Braham. DUETTO-Mesers, Ifill & Garner-"When thy bosom heaves the sigh."

GRAND MARCH.

To conclude with the celebrated PAT-RIOTIC SONG, of WILLIAM TEL, the patriot of Switzerland .- Mr. Garner. "," Tickets at ONE DOLL AR_Children half price; to be had at Mr. LANPHEAR'S,

Mr. GIRON'S, and Mr. PIKE'S. Doors will be opened at 6-o'clockand the performance to commence at half

past eix, preciscly.

Dissolution of Partnership. The Partnership of Gabriel Tandy, Samue. Thompson and Thomas Jamuary, trading meler the firm of TANAY, THOMPSONE CO. is this day by mutual consent desolved. The accounts remaining due to said firm, are placed in the hands of JAMES E. DAPTS, e.g. LEWIS CASTLEMAN and TANDY & ALLEA for collection, to whom, as respectively presented, payment is requested to and their respective receipts shall be acknowledged as a sufficient discharge.

GAB'L. TANDY. SAMUEL THOMPSON, THOMAS JANUARY. Lexington, October, 17th, 1:20.

THE Partnership of Samuel Thompson and Thomas January, trading under the firm of THOMPSON & JANUARY, is this day by mutual consent, dissolved. The accounts of said firm are placed in the hands of J.AMES E. D.WIS, esq. for collection.

SAMUEL THOMPSON, THOMAS JANUARY, Lexington, October 17th, 1820 .- 43-66

Medical Lectures.

THE MEDICAL LECTURES in Transvivania University, will commence on the FIRST MONDAY IN NOVEMBER next, by B. W. DUDLEY, x. D. Prof. Anatomy and CHS. CALDWELL, M. p.-Institutes Medi-

cine and Materia Med ca.

V. H. BICHARDSON, M. D. Obstetrice and
Diseases of Women and Oktheren.

JAMES BLYTHE, D. D.—Chemistry. SAMURA BROWN, R. D .- Theory and Prec

tice Medicine. By order of the Paculty. CILIS. CALDITELL, Doen. Lexington, July 20, 1820 994

BAINBRIDGK

I the foot of the Muncie of all of Tenyessee ver. f Stahama. THE subscriber has commodities # RE INTUNE at this place; for the many e of COTTON and other articles. I be Produce on other states will be stored and sold, and Cotton will be bought and shipped of commission.

REVERGECES. Mesers. I. & A. Gist.

8. M. Perry & Co.

Bradford & Lower Stantarille, in

N.P.W.I.S. MILL. P. HUNFT.

October 26, 1820.—Stall (ch. L. & A. G.)

Stigar, Salt, Bacon Ac. Sugali, SALLUM, SANDY, and KENHAWA, SALT, BACON,

BROWN SOAP. WIRE SAFES,

For sale at the Lexington Warehouse?

8000lbs. first quality WANTED, 20,000 lba sign well Cared

GINSENG. C. BRADPORD. October 25th, 1820-48 3.

State of Kentucky: FAYETTE CIRCUIT. SEPTEMBER TERM, 1830.

John Dubarry, Complainant, Against William Grimes, Jr's. trus-

THIS day came the Complainant aforestic by his counsel, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the Belendania John Jackson and Verlinda his wife, late Ver-linda Grimes, and Alexander Grimes, 'are no inhabitants of this Commonwealth, and they having failed to enter their appearance here-in. agreeably to law and the rules of this Courts On motion of the complainant by his counsel, it is ordered, that unless the said defendants, John Jackson and Verlinda his wife, late Ver-John Jackson and Verlinds his wife, late Verlinds Grimes and Alexander Grimes, do appear here on or before the first day of our next February term, and answer the Camplainant's, bill herein, the same will be taken for confessed against him—And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be inserted in some authorised newspaper in this state, for two months successively.

A copy—Attest;

43as2 NELSON C. JOHNSON, d.e.f.cc.

State of Kentucky:

PATETTE CINCUIT, SOT. September Term, 1820.

John Carroll & Leslie Combs, Complainante, Against IN CHANCERS.

William Grines, Jr's Trus tees & others. Defendants.

Tills day came the Complanants aforeadd by their counsel, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the Defendants, John Jackson and Verlinda his wife, late Verlinda his wife, la linda Grimea, and Alexander Grimes, are no inhabitants of this Commonwealth, and they having failed to enter their appearance herein. agreeably to law and the rules of this court: On the motion of the complainants by their counsel, it is ordered, that unless the said defendants John Jackson and Verlinda his wife, before the first day of the next February e m and answer the complainant's bill herein, the same will be taken for confessed against them:

and it is further ordered, that a cony of this order be inserted in some authorised newspaper published in this state for two months succensively. A copy—attest, 43a52 NEL-ON C. JOHNSON, defee.

State of Kentucky : FAYETTE CIRCUIT, SCT.

Susanne Williamson, Captent Term, 1820. Against Philip White, Abraham Brown

and others. Defendants. TIS day came the Complainant aforesald L by her counsel, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the Defendants, James Taliafarro and Elizabeth his wife, are

no inhabitants of this commo nwealth, and they having failed to enter their appearance herein agreeably to law and the rules of this court; On motion of the complainant by her counsel, it is ordered, that unless the said defendants. James Taliaferro and Elizabeth his wife, to appear here on or before the first day of our next February term, and answer the Complainant's bill herein, the same will be taken planant's but herein, the same while taken for confessed against them: and it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be inserted in some authorised newspaper published in this state, for two months successively

A copy-atteste, NELSON C. JOHNSON, defec.

New Beer & Porter.

Connell & M Mahon, PORTER AND BEER,

MANUFACTURED this season, which they are indused to hope will be desimed not inferior to any in the Union. They have purchased Jars which are so constructed. as to emit the drink by a tap, by which private families can be henceforth surplied with such mantities and such quality as may suit their nsumption and taste.

Country orders executed with pun tu-Lexington Brewery, Oct. 10 .- 42tf

Fire! Fire!! Fire!!! UNION FIRE COMPANY. THE members of the Union Pire Company are requested to meet at Unsher's 'ar-

o'clock, it being their quarterly meeting.

By order of the Directors.

13.W. CARTER Sec'y Rochester Springs.

RE situated one mile South of Pertyville, ARE situated one mile South of Perryville, and one quarter of a mile. Earn of the main road leading from Lexington. Ky to Nashville, Ten. Although there has been no accommodations for a isitors at ROCHESTER SPRINGS until the last year they have been delical for soveral years past by a number of springs until the last year, they have been visited for several years past by a number of persons, and a great many surge effected from the use of the water. As there are now such preparations made, as will justify its publicious, the subscriber solicits the patronage of the promising to use every exerting to public, promising to use every exerting to produce general satisfaction. Travellers are informed that a road has been opened a small distance from Perreville, by Machine Springs, leading into the Namiville road, two niles below Perryville.

WILL, S. ROCHESTER.

Roshester Syrings, April 15, 1820 -18-30

1556

We're the lads; that fike to slow, To common folks, how much we know Of ancient hieroglyphick; And we'e the ones that like to see, Ourselves by others thought to be, Profoundly scientifick.

We're the lade-allow'd to wear, A sash that's letter'd neat and fair, Composed of silk or satin—
And we're the ones that walk with books;
That put on philosophick looks,
And sputter Greek and Latin.

We're the lads! full of conceit, At single spouting ne'er were heat; Nor bragging in a body— And we're the ones that love full-well, When girls are sitting by, to tell How many hours we study.

We're the lade- the ladies love, Around the room in style we move—
for decency dont care;
And we're the ones—to grace a rout
We're dashers! whether in or out
We make the "vulgar stare."
JERBMY DIDLER, T. P.

TOR THE GAZETTE. THE PETITION OF JOVE HUMBLY SHEWETH, THAT Our money's all gone to the Indies for Ten,

The minera of Mexico gone to the wars, And those who sery'd Midas, are worshiping

Ye Gods call a Congress of kingdoms & states, And be this the result of their sober debates That the banners of peace, love and hope be unfuried,

And a statute of BANKQ CPTCT pass for The W. B. To those who do not feel willing tabe the benefit of the act, it is suggested that

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE U. NITED STATES.

there will be no compulsion.

Whereas by an act of congress passed on the 3d of March, "1817, entitled s An act to authorize the appointment of 2 Surveyor for the lands in the northern part of the Mississippi Territory, and the sale of certain lands therein described," the President of the United States is authorized to cause certain lands to be sold:

Therefore, I, James Monroe, President of the United States, do hereby declare and make known, that public saics shall be held at Huntsville, in Alabama, for the disposal (according to law) of the following lands, viz:

On the 2d Monday in October next for the sale of townships 10 and 13, in range 2, E. stownships 9, 10, 11, and 14, in range 3, E.; townships 9, 10, and 14, in range 4, E.; thwnships 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, and 14, in range 5, E.; townships 12, 13, and 14, in range 6, E.; and township 12, in range 7, E. Also, the lands in the tract commonly called Colbert's reserve.

On the Ist Monday in December next, for the sale of townships 11, 12, 13, and 14, in range 3, W.; townships 12, 13; and 14, in range 6 and 7, W.; townahips 11, 12, 13, and 14, in range 8, W.? townships 12, 13, 14, in range 9, W.; townships 13, and 14, in range 10, W. and township 14, in range 11, W.; Also, the lands adjoining the town of Mare not been offered for Office for payment. which ha sale, except such lands as have been reserved by law for the support of schools, or for other purposes. The lands shall be sold in regular numerical order, commencing with the lowest number of section, township, and range.

Given under my hand, at the city of Washington, the 22d day June 1820. JAMES MONROS. JOSIAN MESGS, Commissioner of the Ceneral Land Office.

Cash in Hand Will be given for 2 NEGRO BOYS and GIRL of an unexceptionable character. Enquire of the Printers. June, 3d, 1819-23tf



Benjamin Ayres, (Sign of the Cross Keys, Main-street,)

As just received from Philadelphia, in
addition to his former stock the follow-

GRUCERIES,

Young Hyson & TEAS, Best GREEN COFFEE, LOAF & LUMP SUGARS, PEPPER, &c. ALSO-A few dozen PORT WINE, Holland Gin, Cogniac Brandy. West India Rum, Madeira Wine. Which he will dispose of on as reasonable terms as can be purchased elsewhere.

BE CONTINUES TO REEP AT THE ABOVE STAND, A House of Entertainment, For the accommodation of Travellers and Boarders, where every stiendon will be paid to those who may favor him with ther custom. Those who wish to partake of the finest; OYSTERS.

Cooked in the best and most approved style, would do well to call as above.

9-6m. Lexington, July 27, 1820.

Printing of all kinds, MATTO WILL BE EXECUTED AT THE

Mentucky Gazette Office, With nearness, accuracy and dispaich Lexington, May 29, 1820-221

The state of the state of the BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE U. STATUS WHEREAS the President of the United CULTIVATORS OF THE SOIL States is authorised by law to cause ocr-tain lands of the United States to be offered

Therefore, I, James Monroe, president of the United States, do hereby declare & make

follows, viz : At Delaware, in Ohio, on the first Mondays n Afgust and October next, for the sale of the lands which have been surveyed in the district of Belaware, being 46 townships and fractional townships, viz :

Pownships 1, 3, 4, 5 and 6, S. of range 1, 3, 4, 5 and 6, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, Dotober Sale.

Townships 1, 2, 3 and 4, south of mage 1, 2, 3 and 4, 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5,

1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, At Pique, in Ohio, on the first Monday in September next, for the sale of the lands which have been surveyed in the district of Piqua, being 33 townships cand fractional

11

"At Brookville, in Indiana, on the first Monday in October next, for the lands which have been surveyed in the district of Brookville, being 36 townships and fractional townships. At Jeffersonville, in Indiana, on the first Monday in August next, for the lands lately surveyed in the district of Jeffersonville, being 27 townships and fractional townships.

At Terre Haute, in Indians, on the first Monday in September next, for the lands which have been surveyed in the district of

Terre Haute, being AJ townships and fractional townships. At Edwardsville, Illinois, on the first Monday in October next, for the lands lately sur-veyed in the district of Edwardsville, being

38 townships and fractional townships.

At Arkansas, in the territory of Arkansas, on the first Mondays of August and October next, for the lands surveyed in the district of Arkansas, being 53 townships and fractional townships, viz :

August Sale.
Townships 5, 7, 9 and 10, 8. of R. 19, west. of 5th principal Meredian 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 do. 6, 7, 8 and 9 do. 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 & 14 do.

do October Sale.

Townships 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 & 14, south of range 23, west of 5th principal meredian 8, 10, 12, 13 and 14 do. 24 do do. 24 do do. 25 do 9, 10, 11, 42 and 13 9, 10, 11 and 12 9, 10 and 11 do. 27 do do. 28 do do. 29 do

9 and 10 9 and 10 At Jackson, in Missouri, on the second Monday in September next, for the lands surveyed in the district of Cape Girardeau, being thiry-five townships and fractional town-

At Franklin, in Missouri, on the first Monday in November next, for the lands in the Military Bounty tract, (north of the Missouri river,) which could not be distributed to soldiers, being chiefly quarter sections and fractions, too small or too large for bounty

At Cahaba, in Alabama, on the first Mon-day in November next, for the lots in the towns of Claiborne and Jackson, and for townships 12 and 17 in range 20, and for township 18 in range 19, which were advertised but not offered for sale in March 1819.

Each sale shall continue three weeks and on longer; and each sale will commence with

the lowest number of lot or section, township, and range, and proceed in regular numerical order. The lands reserved by law for the use of schools, or for other purposes, will, as usu-al, be reserved from sale.

Given under my hand, at the city of Washington, the eighteenth day of April, in the year 1820. JAMES MONROE.

By the President, Josian Maior, Commissioner of the General Land Office. Printers who are authorised to publish the

laws of the United States, will insert the above once a week, till the 1st of November next, and send their accounts to the General Land

THE PRESIDENT OF THE U. STATES WHEREAS by an act of Congress passed on the 17th of March, 1820, entitled An act to authorise the President of the United States to appoint a Receiver of the public monies and Register of the Land Office for the district of Lawrence county in the Arkanhaving a claim to a right of pre-emption within the said district, shall make known his claim and location, according to the provision of the laws now in force, to the Register at least six weeks before the time to be designated by the President of the United States for

issuing patents to the soldiers of the late army, entitled to bounty land in said district:

Therefore I, James Monroe, President of the United States, do hereby designate the fourth Monday of November next, as the time at which patents as aforesaid shall commence

Given under my hand, at the city of Washington, the eighteenth of April 1820. JAMES MONROE. By the President,

Josian Marcs, Commissioner of the General Land Office.

Tanning & Skin Dressing.

THE subscriber has for Sale at his Tan-Yard on Main-steet, Lexington, opposite the Baptist Grave Yard, an assortment of LEATH-Fit of all descriptions for Saddlers and Shoes makers.

ALRO-A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF Tanned and Dressed Sheep & Deer Skins, Parchment. Buckskin,

White Leather &c. &c. He has always on hand a large quantity of WOOL for flatters, Clothiers, &c.
He also takes Hides to Tan on Shares, and gives CASH for Hides. WM. CIRODE.

March 30, 1820-13-1y LIVERY STABLES.



A M happy to announce to my friends and the public generally, that I have, at a great expense rebuilt my

Livery Stables, In a manner superior to any in the State, and upon the same ground on whice they former ly stood. I respectfully solicit the patronage of my former customers and the public generally. I shall endeavour and hope to give existent to all who may call. satisfaction to all who may call.
WILLIAM DOWMAN.

The American Farmer.

THE first number of the AMERI. L CAN FARMER, was issued on the 2d of April, 1819. It may be announced own, that public sales for the disposal, and 2d of April, 1819. It may be announced as an established National work, adapted to all the varieties of our climate, since many of the most eminent citizens in ALL the states, contribute by their pattronage and their pens, to its circulation (Subscriptions for the American

and its usefulness. To make known all discoveries in the science, and all improvements in the practice of AGRICULTURE and DOMESTIC RCONOMY-and to develope the means and designate plans of internal improvements generally constitute the chief objects to which the American Farmer is devoted. It takes no concern or imerest in party politics, nor in the transient occurences of the day.

The Farmer is publihed weekly, on a sheet the size of a large news paper, and folded so us to make eight pages -and to admit of being conveniently bound up and preserved in volumes. Each volume will consist of fifty two numbers, a title page and an index, and numerous ENGRAVINGS to represent new imple ments, and improved systems of husban-

Each number gives a true and acc- Bradford Charles. 3 urate statement of the then selling prices of country produce, live stock and all the principal articles brougt for sale in the Baltimore market.

For the sum of Fire Dollars, per annum to be paid in advance the actual receipt of every number is guaranteed. That is, when they fail to come to hand, buplicats shall be sent until every numbershall have been received.

As the Editor takes the risk and cost of the mail on letters addressed to himshould subscription money miscarry, he nevertheless, holds himself, bound to furnish the paper.

To those who may think the price of subscription too high, it may be remarked, that on-a comparison of their actual contents, one volume of the American Berry John Farmer will be found to contain as much as four volunics of the "Memoirs of the Agricultural Scociety of Philadelphia;" and four of that patriotic, and and exceedingly valuable work, sell for

To shew that the American Farmer. is conducted in a manner to answer the great national purposes for which it was established, and that is not undeserving the encouragement of the Agricul turists of the United states, the following testimonials are respectfully submitted -others equally conclusive, might be offered.

Extract of a letter from Gevernor Lionn, who is acknowledged to be one of the most wealthy, well informed and best managing farmers in the United States.

armers in the confur, is the hest Agricultural compilation, is my humble opinion, that I have ever seen, and deserves the patronage of the From the President of the Agricultural Soci-

cty, Eastern Shore of Maryland. work, and wish it was in the hands of every farmer in the United States. It is by the diffusion of knowledge only, that we can expect country to improve in Agriculture, which thy paper is admirably calculated to impart to all who will take pains to be improved by read-Respectfully thy friend, ing."

ROB. MOORE. From an address delivered by Thomas Law, reembrane Esq. President of the Agricultural Society Corri T. Mr.

of Prince George's county.

Before I conclude, let me recommend to you the American Farmer, a paper which collects Dickerson John B. which are enamated from every quarter of the Beloc Joseph Beloc Have requested Mr. Skinner to give an annual index, which will make it equal to a library for a farmer."

From Doctor Calvin Jones, of Raleigh, North | Davis Gerrard Carolina, a gentleman of high reporte for his | Drake Samuel devotion to the interest of Agriculture, and | Downing Doctor for his attainments in other sciences.

Mr. Gales—I request of you the favor to in-form those respectable friends who have interested themselves in the success of the " Farmers Magazine," that the patronage proffered is not such as will justify its publication. The best service I can now render them is, to re-commend to their notice the " American Furmer," an Agricultural paper, published weekly by John S. Skinner of Baltimore. An ac quaintance with this work will prevent any regret being experienced at the non-appear CALVIN JONES ance of mime

The following notice was addressed at their Grubbs thumphrey own expense, through the public papers of that state, by the board of managers of the Gaines Herry I

Agricultural Society.

TO THE PLANTERS OF S. CAROLINA.

The "American Farmer," which is, as appears from its title, devoted principally to Green John M. Dr. subjects relating to agriculture, contains a great variety of matter, the result of actual and well digested experiments, embracing the Graves Ann B. and well digested experiments, embracing the whole range of domestic and rural economy, such as cannot fail, if duly observed, to be highly beneficial to your interests. The great object of this society is, to promote agriculture, and thereby advance the prosperity not of themselves individually, but of their fellow-citizens generally. They believe they cannot more effectually, in this early stage of their organization, promote their object, than by reorganization, promote their object, than by recommending this paper to your perusal. They therefore take the liberty to recommend the American Farmer as highly worthy of your attention. By order of the Board of Managers,

J. J. CHAPPELL,
Andrew

Headenburg James B. Hooper William Hawkins Warner
Hensley Benjamin
Harper Smith
Have George
Harrison Ann
Heron Susan, John orllarison Robert
Andrew
Halstead G. N. Vice-President presiding.

Extract from the proceedings of the agricul-tural Society of Albemarle, Virginia, at their last meeting, May 8, 1820.

'In order more generally to disseminate the Harris Malinda agricuitual intelligence and improvements made throughout the United States, the Society resolve to present each of its members | Houghton Thomas with the first volume of the American Farmer, edited at Baltimore, by John S. Skinner, Esq. "P, MINOR, See'y."

Hixon Reuben 2 Hubbard silas Heironomous Pendle-Hunter John ton Hooper Nane

All gentlemen who feel an interest in the Hall Harrison reulation of a Journal devoted to the objects Hawkins Mark and conducted on the plan here described, are requested to transmit the names of subscribers
but of fin all cases the money must be remitted
refore the paper can be sent. It will, however returned in any ease, where the subscriber n a view of the paper, not being satisfied within three weeks.

An allorance of 10 per cent. will be made | Hunt W.G. emitted to the editor,

A few of the first volume, either in-sheets or well bound, with a copious Index, remain Notes of the Banks of North and South Ca-

olina, ticorgia and Virginia, generally, will be eceival at par. TAll communications to be addressed to JOHN S. SKINNER, Baltimore June 28, 1820

fice, where the work may be seen. List of Letters .

Farmer received at the Gazette Of-

EMAINING is the Post-office, at Lex ington, on the first of October, which if not taken out within three months, will be sent to the General Post-office as dead letters: Anderson Thos. & Jas Atkinson Eliza 4 Antrim William Adamson John Archer Richard T. Atheneum I.. Abert Charles H. Alford William Allen John Armstrong Milinda Anderson William Allen John Capt. Ater Wm. Allen Eliza L. Adams Wm. Allen Richardson Askew Joseph Adams Mary Adams Nathaniel Atcheson Hambleton Anderson A

Alviss John

Allen, Sullivan & Bry Alsop Washington M. an Messrs. Adams George Bell George Beatly Augustine Bryan John & Son Baxter Sannel Burier Hannah Barbour Philip C. S. Bonz Daniel Burns Amariah Bass Samuel Buck Charles C. Brashear Walter Bell William Biyan John Berryman G. W. Berry George Blythe William Buck Charles Belt Elizabeth Bell Thomas Bullock Walter Brown John Barnett William Jabcock Henry Beamish George Brown David Bates Jamies Beauchamp John Baker George Brawley Philip Blair William W. Boyd John Butler Pierce Bennett E. H. Steel Brown Bedford Brown Milinda J. Messrs. Brown Samuel Dr. 2 Breckenridge Rob. P. Blair Samuel W.

Atchinson John, Jr.

Bush Theodosha A. Bainbridge . Ibsolem Revd. Bray Esq. Bowlin William Brooking Samuel S. Brown George Bryant Elizabeth Billings John Bibb Laward B. Brooks Renjamin Buckner David P. Buckner Aylett Brown James R. Ball John W Barr Thomas T. Breckenridge Robt R. C.

Clugston George Chapman George T. Rev'd. * 2 Campbell teabella Chiles Sarah A Clay Abraham Chiles John, Richard, Crittenden R. F. W. Banton, Elijah Crone Aaron True & Col. James Curtes Etial Christian William C. Dudley

Calvert Catherine Christian Judith Cochran John O. Carr Maria Aun Calloway Jesse Cannon Burton Carr Patrick Chambers M. Chambers William Chiles Tarlton W Chiles William B Cluff Elizabeth Clifford Patrick Connell Michael Coons John Connover Lewis IV. Coger Elizabeth uman Sarah Culbertson Robert Covington Thomas Carter William T. Coons Mr. Campbell Elizabeth Chambers Waxwell Crisman Peter Cabill William Cheancy William Caps John Church John Campbell Charles Cavins Mr.

riembrance Combs Lesley Cegan John (water te Connelly Daniel Col. M'Kee D Drake A. B. Duvall Thomas Dena E. B. Beas William Allen Downton Richard Dukeminneer John 2

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Homer Wm.

Hans Catharine *

Holland Isaac N.

Hinds Wm. & Martha

1819 Jourt Charles Jessup Samuel B. James James Jones Catherine Juengling Joseph Johnson Joseph R. Kunsee Mr. Knox Benjamin Kemper Joel Knox David Knight Tarlton W.

Harlow

Jaminon J. D.

Jackson John

Jones Stephen

King William

Koons George W.

Jones Apa

Kelly Mary

Johnson Benjamin D.

Prourance Bank presi-

Kingsbury Russell 3 Kouch Margarett Lingenfelter George Lindsey Wm. Lindsey James
Lindsey James
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Lole Mary
Laird Wm. 2 Lyle Mary Looney Joseph R. Long Wm. Lorton Wm. B. Long Philip W. Lorton Wm. R. Lewis Mrs., Theatre 3 Lewis Hector Long Richard f Lankford David Lewis Charles Leathers Peter F Lee Sophia Lewis deremials Lowman Marianne Lightner Wm. Loyde William Loyan Rody K. Lincoln George Lake Jabella Lyman John W. Lewis John H. Lockett John F. Lewis & Miller Lafon Richard

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Reed Isaac

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Nichol John S.

Neil Charles

Neil Jon

Nichols Joseph

Nelson Charles fl.

Nichols Frederick

Nation Elizabeth 2

Payne John Pudget Wm QUR Russell D. A. Quarles Roger Rennich Lititia Robertson Isaac P. Redman John C. Robertson Joseph Reynolds J. Robertson Wm Richardson Jno. C. capflucker James P. Raney Thomas Ruby J. & C. Rolle Joseph Roberts John Redman Levy Ree Stephen Raizor Abram Ross Mr Rutherford Joseph Pobb Joseph Reed Gracey Russell Wm. Col Robertson nn Rose Robert H. Dr.

Rilly Thomas 2 Rush Patrick Stevenson Robert Sharpe Ebenezer Simpson Catherine Sett John Shrock John Stark John Stoutt Jedediah Smith Lewis H. Spangler Mary Smith Thomas Scantling Dorithea Shelby James Gen. 2 Snodgrass John Stainton Wm. Showell Henzy Stanhope John Senat P. L. Story G. Samuel John Smallwood Josephus Stone Wm Schooler Lucy Stevens John Sinclair John

Stoutt Ashton

Solomon Wm.

Smith William

Robinson Moses

Schlatter Wm Summers Elizabeth L. Townsley Jon Tawner John Tybatts John W True James Taylor Mrs Taylor Hannah Taylor Robert Taylor Leonard Thompson Benjamia Trotter Wm. sen Taylor Wm, Trimble David Todal Samuel B Todd W. Col Todd David Thompson Francis T.

Vance Elizabeth Webb Wm R Vardeman Jeremiah 2 West Ann C Vance David 2 Wilgus Eliza Wagoner Wm Walling Joseph B Williams James W. Warren Thomas B Wilson Edward J. Wallace John Warren Lewis

Watkins Peggy Walker Alexander Wilson James Wallace Mortimer Webb James Webb Thumse W Warfield Chas A Winthraw Wneam Wilson Samuel Wallingsford Joel White Reuben Wilson JVm/ Wallins Joe Whaley Jane Wolfe Jacob Worthington Robert White Matthew Wilson Robt Maj Wiley Robert Walker Abram. Willis Abner T. Watson William W. Whitcomb James Wright Alfred Rev 3 Watts Garrett
Watts Garrett
Welsh James, sen 2
Worthington W. 6.3
Weeston J. W. Weeks Wm

Wright Geo. Bledsoe 2Walker Jane
Wadding Wm 4 Wilser Jane Wingate Robert Walding Wm 4 Wilson Joseph J.
Wilson Braxton 6 Wilson Joseph J.
Webster Bright Berry Wilson Joseph Winn Mary Wooley John Young Seth Wa ker Adam R. Young John Yarnal Benj. 2 White John Wallage Christian 3 Clerk Fayette C.C. No CREDIT will be given for letters in the office, under any circumstances whatever, except have established account JOHN FOWLER, P. N.

October 4, 1820. NOW PUBLISHING, AND WILL BE READY TO DELIVER TO STREET BERS AT THE OFFICE OF THE Lexington Public Advertiser, On or befor the first of next month,

A General Instructer: Compiled for the use and benefit of Junion of the Peace, Sheriffe, Coroners, Contable Jailors, and Jurymen, in the commonwells of Kentucky, adapted to the laws uses in first.

I this is the most extensive work of the ever published in the United State, and embraces copious extracts from the most embraces copious extracts from the most embraces copious extracts from the following subjects, viz

subjects, viz

proveit common law writers, on the following subjects, viz

**ccessary, Affray, Apprentice, Assignment
Arrangements, Arrest, Arson, Assault, Award
Bail, Barratry, Honds, Burglary, Carries,
Certiorari, Commitment, Constables, Coronen,
Covenants, Criminals, Confession, Distrus,
Escapes, Evidence, Felony, Hue and Cry, formicide, Habeas Corpus, Infants, Information,
Jail and Jailor Judgments, Juries and Jurion
Juli tees of the Pesce, Larceny, Libel, Long
tics, Mainn, Alantenance, Mandamus, Missomeanor, Nuisence, Oaths, Pardon, Perjur,
Prison Breaking, Process, Rape, Recogi,
zance, Rescue, Restitution of Stolen Goods
Riot, Rout and unlawful assembly, Robber,
Search Warrant, Sheriff, Slander, Sureties for
the peace, Sureties for good behaviour, Treson, Treasure found, Warrant, Wife and Wamen; — Together with the statutary
pavisions, on these as well as every subject
coming within the jurisdiction of Justices of
the Peace, which will enable the inferior is
dicial, as well as executive officers of the secondary, to perform their respective
comments, to perform their respective
the secondary to the secondary to the secondary to the
property of the secondary to the secondary to the secondary to
performed the secondary to t dicial, as well as executive officers of the secrement, to perform their respective dute with promptit de and safety.

This work will be also enriched with see

ly four hundred precedents or torns, composing not only all such as are used in legal pa credings, but all that are necessary for the mer M. chanic. Manufacturer or Merchan, as well as all other private citizens, and easiblidg very man to become his own large. and trensact ait his business without the a of counsel.

The above work will be for Sale at the Book Store of W. W. WORSLEY, Lexington As there are but a few copies prate those who are desirous of purchasing will a weil to apply soon,

Lexington, Oct. 10 .- 41



CING BUSINESS, in the town of Learn ton, second door below the Theatre, War street, where all kinds of

Brass and Iron Work for

Machinery &c. May be had on the shortest notice. Also, vil be kept on hand BELLS for Taverns, House and Horses; refined Wagon, Carriage at Gigg BOXES; Matter's, Tailor's and FLM IRONS; Scale Weights and Woffle Irons. Gun Mountings and Clock Castings; Rives and Still Cocks, with many other articles to tedious to mention.

Lexington, June 18, 1819-29f For Sale or to Rent. A COTTON FACTORY, Containing 108 Spindles & 3 Carding Machine.

Will every necessary appurtenance, in good order and ready for immediate business. This property is fitted up in a good brick house, located in a valuable and own venient part of the town, and will be sold sparately or with the house to suit the purchase. Terms liberal, both as to price and time of payment: and we believe, that we can assess without presumption, that no place in like tucky would better support an establishment of its size than Versailles, where there is regular and increasing demand for Communications. Apply to Yarns. Apply to

R. & W. B. LONG. Versailles, Feb. 5-tf

James E. Davis,

WILL practice Law in the Fayette Court
His office will be found over the roal
formerly occupied by Ja. Haggin, eq. find
door below Frazer's corner. He pledges his
self to be diligent and punctual in bushes
confided to him, Aug. 20—344

Travellers and Others

ARE informed, they can be accommodated B. Gaines's Boarding House. ON Market-street, between the Episcope Church and the Public Square, by the Boarding & lodging by the Week, 36 By the Day, 17. 25 Dinner, Breakfast or Supper, Horse, Livery Stable prices. Lexington. Jone 20, 1800—78

Hemp Wanted. THE highest CASH price will be given at HEALP, at the Factory of JOHN BRAND.

Dec. 24-52-ff